

C++ Compilation and Linking Process

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C++ Development Environment

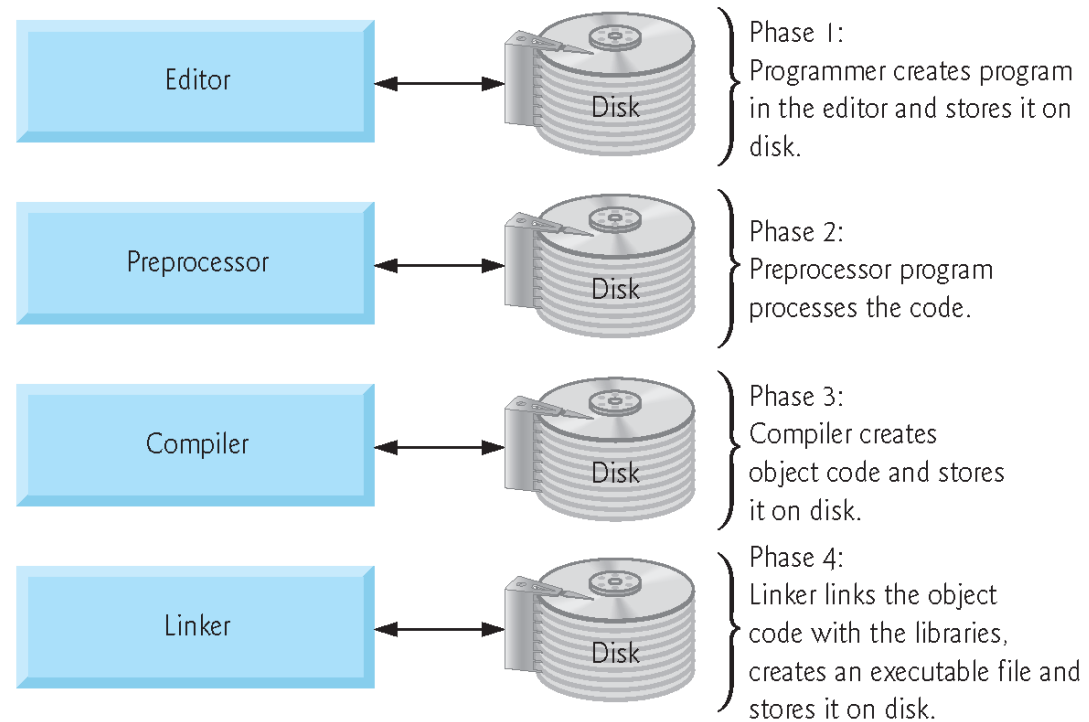
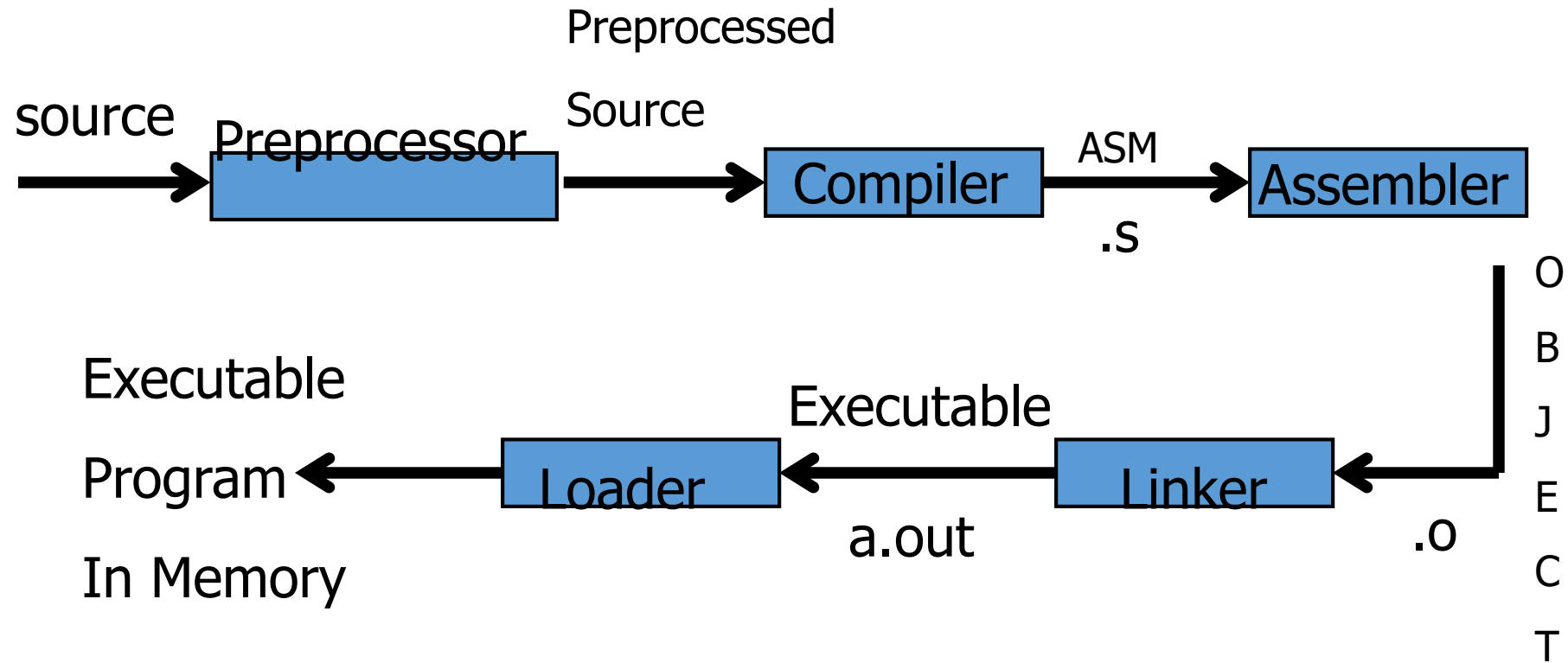
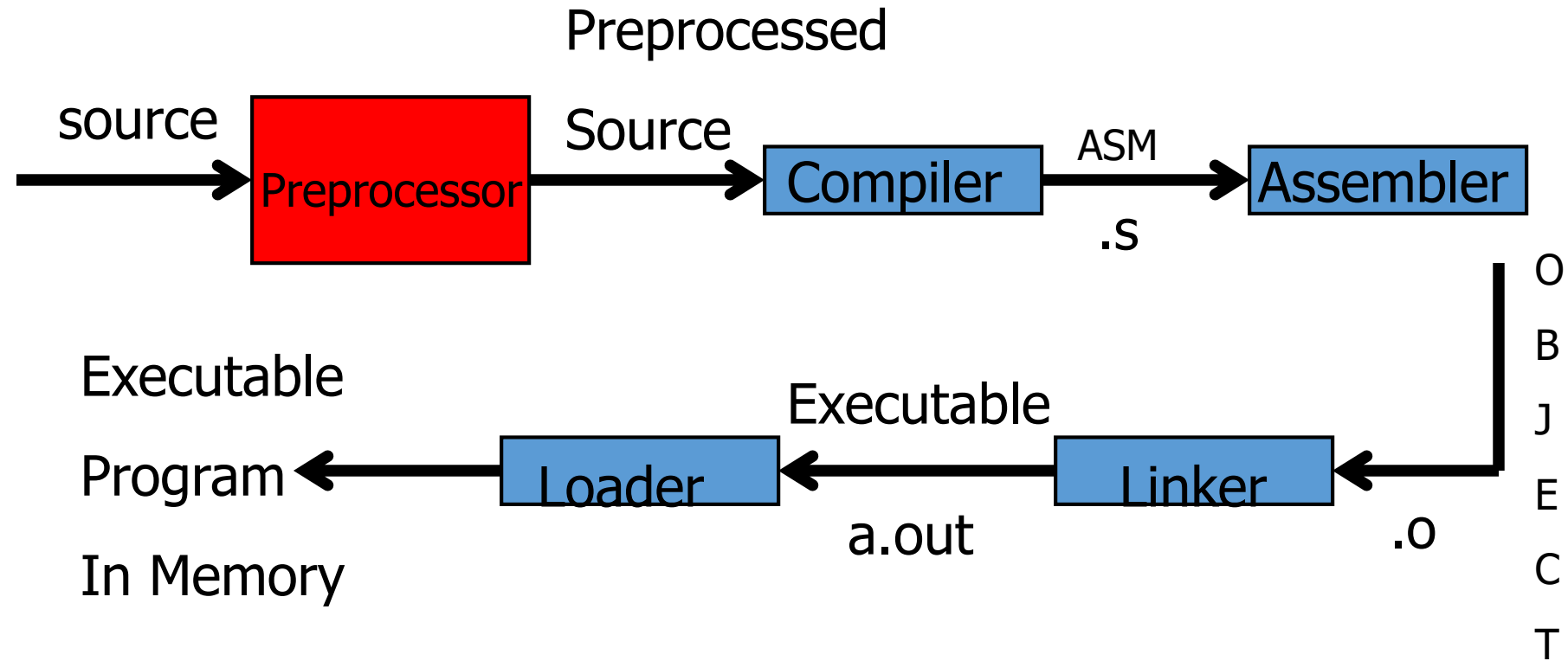


Fig. 1.7 | Typical C development environment. (Part 1 of 3.)

C++ Compilation Process



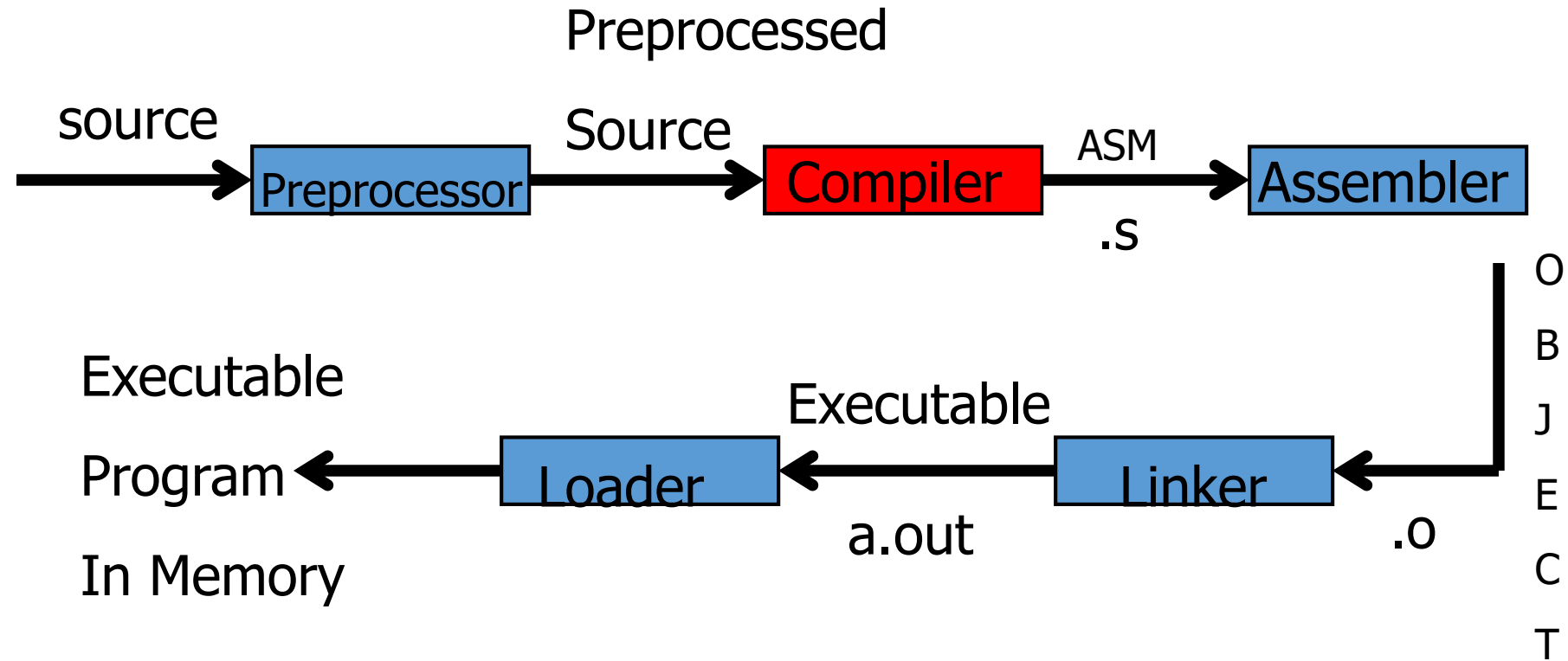
C++ Compilation Process: Preprocessing



C++ Compilation Process: Preprocessing

- Pass over source
 - Insert included files
 - Perform macro substitutions
- Define macros
 - `#define NUM 100`
 - `#define TASK(op, d1, d2) \`
`(d1 op d2)`
- **gcc -E example.c** sends preprocessor output to stdout

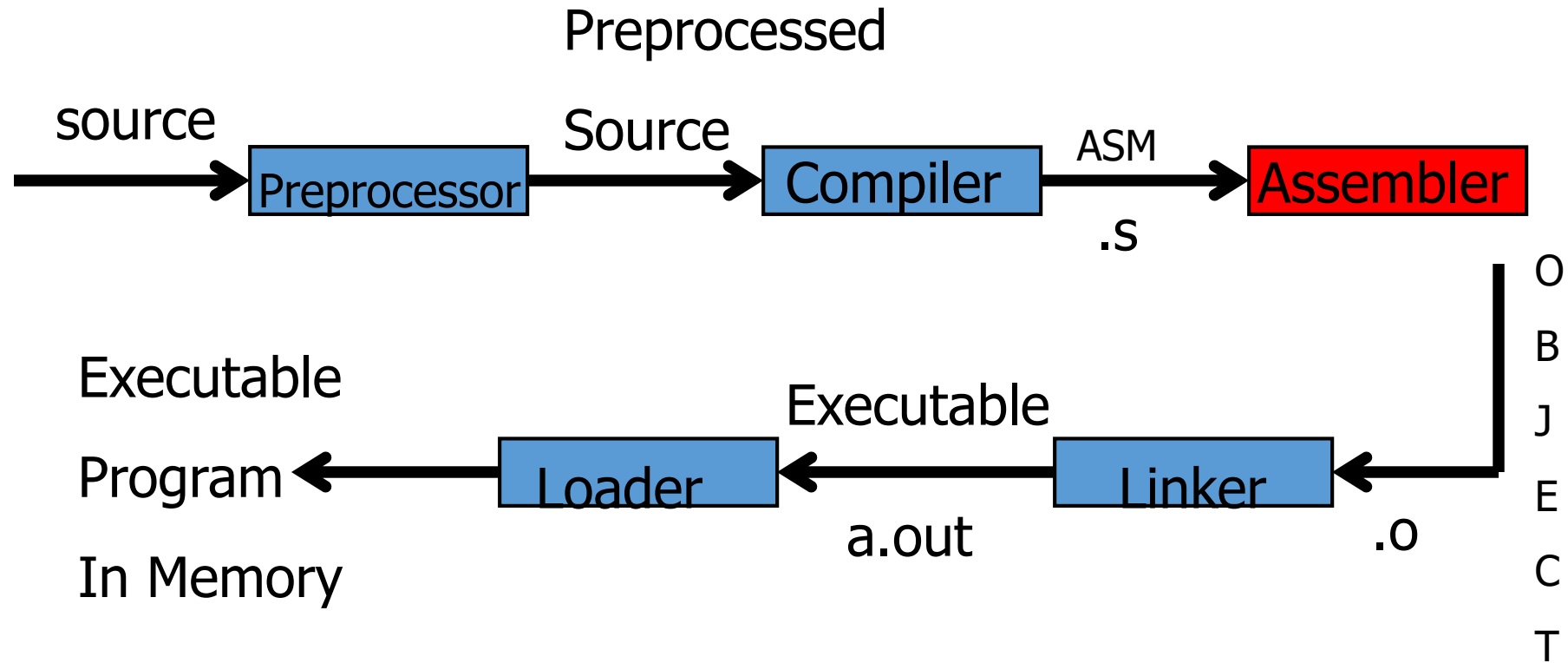
C++ Compilation Process: Compiling



C++ Compilation Process: Compiling

- gcc actually name of a script
- Compiler translates one language to another
- gcc compiler translates C to assembler
- **gcc -S example.c** “saves” assembler output to **example.s**
- Compiler consists of
 - Parser
 - Code generation
 - Mysticism

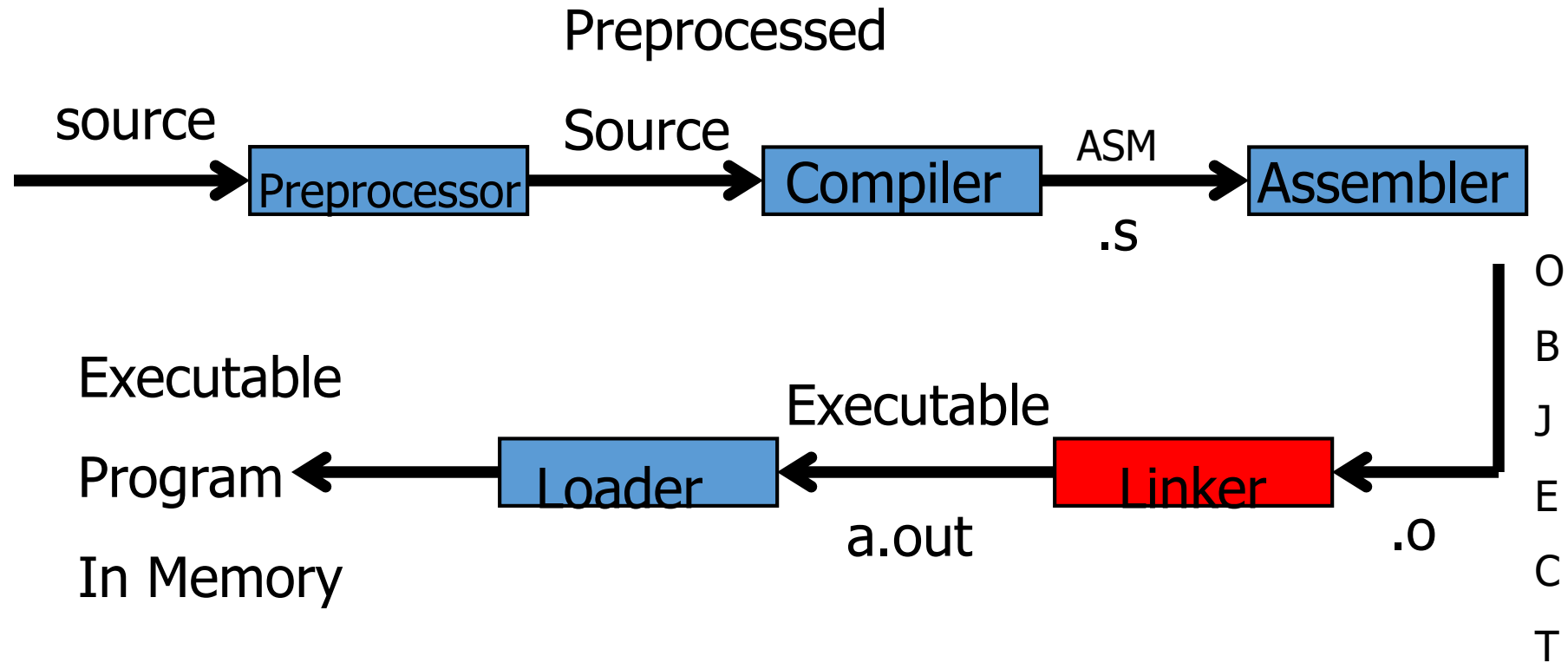
C++ Compilation Process: Assembling



C++ Compilation Process: Assembling

- Another translator ??? (**as** example.s)
- Assembler to (binary) object
- Why not compile straight to binary?
- **gcc -c example.c** to “save” (binary) object **example.o**
- Use **nm** to look at object (**nm example.o**)

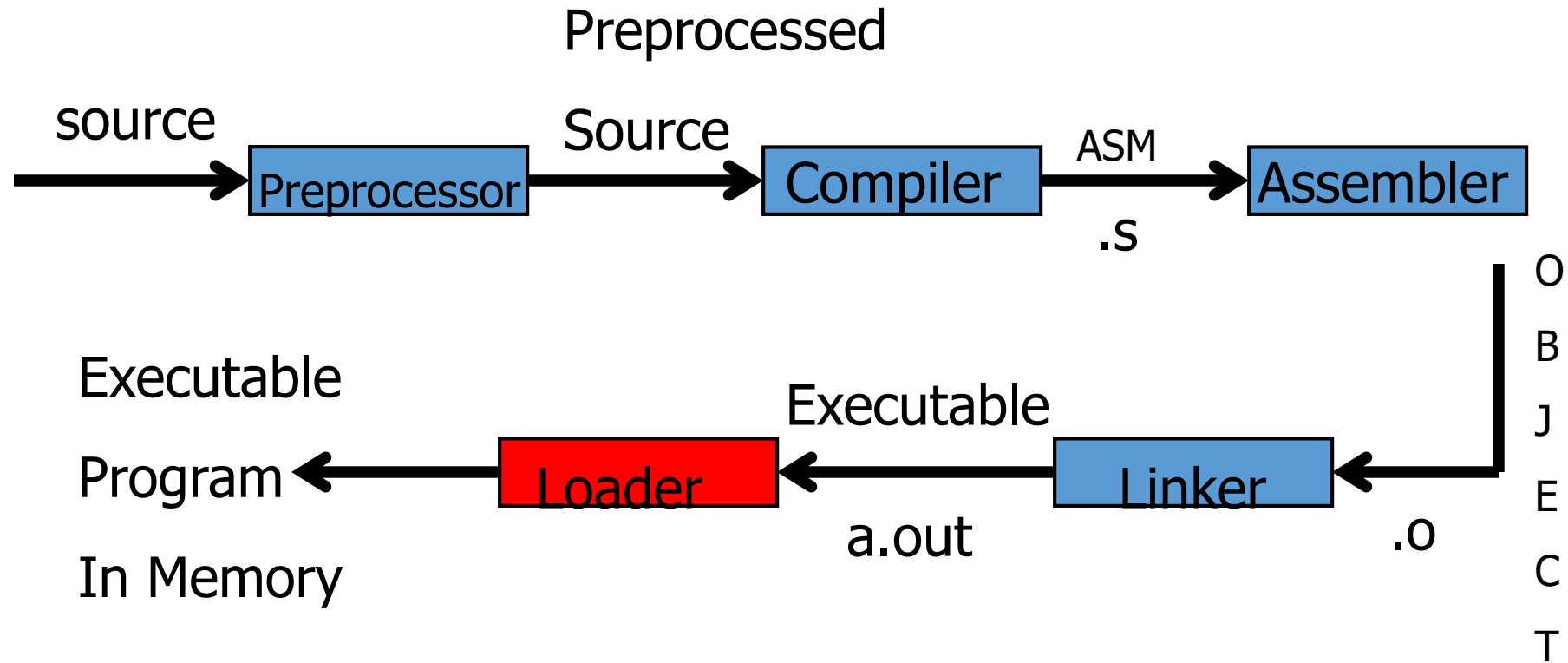
C++ Compilation Process: Linking



C++ Compilation Process: Linking

- Combines objects, both user .o files and libraries; makes an executable file
- **gcc *.o** yields executable **a.out** linking user and standard library objects.
- **gcc -o myExec *.o** yields executable **myExec** linking user and standard library objects.
- **gcc -o myExec *.o -lm** yields executable **myExec** linking user, standard library, and math library objects.
- Use nm to look at executable

C++ Loading



Loader

- Runs when you type `./a.out`
- Gets an address to place program (from the operating system)
- Changes necessary addresses (if any)
- Places code into memory

Loader

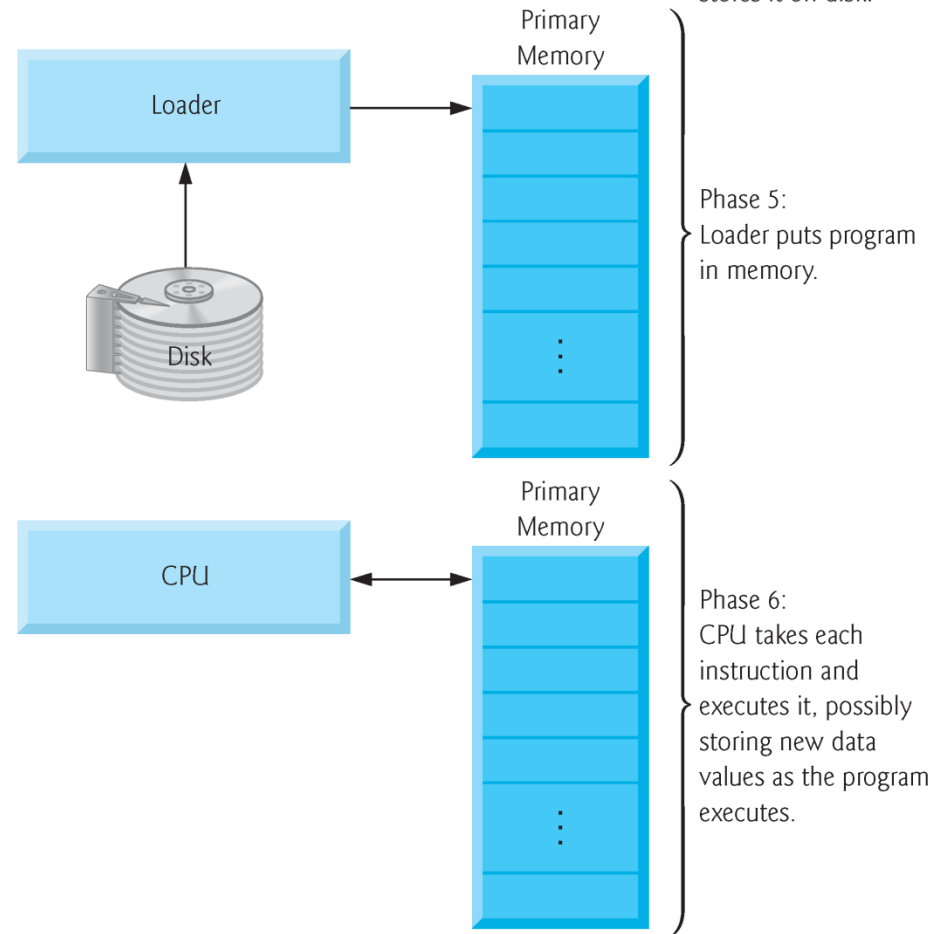


Fig. 1.1 | Typical C development environment. (Part 2 of 2.)