Network Flows [0.25]Given: A directed graph G = (V, E)with edge capacities $C : E \rightarrow R$ and distinct source vertex (no in-edges) s and distinct sink vertex (no out-edges) t Find: Max amount of Flow from s to t



10.25 Network Flows Given: A directed graph G = (V, E)with edge capacities $C: E \rightarrow R$ and distinct source vertex (no in-edges) S and distinct Sink vertex (no out-edges) t Find: Max amount of Flow from s to t ('S 13 Total flow = flow out from S = flow into t = 9 Max?

10.25 Network Flows Given: A directed graph G = (V, E)with edge capacities $C: E \rightarrow R$ and distinct source vertex (no in-edges) 5 and distinct sink vertex (no out-edges) t Find: Max amount of Flow from s to t 15 6 ۳S



Not a problem.



Defn Flow A flow is an assignment of values f: E→R such that : Obey Capacity $\forall (u,v) \in E, \quad f(u,v) \leq c(u,v)$ Constraints V vel, v = s v = t Conservation $\sum_{\omega \in V} f(u,v) = \sum_{\omega \in V} f(v,\omega)$ of Flow Observe: max flow consists in maximizing $\sum_{\mu \in V} f(s, \mu)$ (Why not maximize $\sum_{w \in V} f(w, t)$?

"Flow Augmenting Path" Alg : Ford & Fulkerson Iterative. - Find a S-t path that has some unused capacity on all the forward edges, and positive tow on all the backwards edges - Augment current flow with min value unused capacity (or positive flow on bacewards edges) on all path edges.







Residual



