

Jan 22, 2026 Pumping Lemma

- using it to prove languages are not regular -

For each of the following languages, either prove it is regular or prove it is not regular

$$L_1 = \{a^i b^j \mid i, j \geq 0 \text{ and } i+j=5\} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} bbbbb + abbbb + aabbb + \\ aaabb + aaaab + aaaaa \end{array} \right.$$

$$L_2 = \{a^i b^j \mid i, j \geq 0 \text{ and } i-j=5\}$$

$$L_3 = \{a^i b^j \mid i, j \geq 0 \text{ and } i-j \equiv 0 \pmod{5}\}$$

$$L_4 = \{a^i b^j \mid 0 \leq i \leq j \leq 2000\}$$

$$L_5 = \{w \in \{a, b\}^* \mid w = w_1 w_2 \text{ where } |w_1| = |w_2| \text{ and } \#_a(w_1) = \#_a(w_2)\} \quad \text{Tricky!}$$

$$L_6 = \{w \in \{a-z\}^* \mid \text{every letter in } w \text{ appears at least twice}\}$$

e.g. unprosperousness

$$L_7 = \{w \in \{a, b\}^* \mid \#(w_a) \neq \#(w_b)\}$$

hint: use a closure theorem \leftarrow we'll cover it today in class

$$L_8 = \{ a^i b^j c^k \mid k = i+j \} \text{ // and } i, j, k \geq 0$$

PL: $\forall RL L \exists$ a constant p such that $\forall w \in L$,
 $|w| \geq p$, we have: $w = xyz$ such that ⁱ⁾ $|y| > 0$,
ⁱⁱ⁾ $|xy| \leq p$, and $xy^i z \in L \forall i = 0, 1, 2, \dots$

aaabbbcccc

Claim:

9. $\{ a^i b^j c^k \mid \text{if } i=1 \text{ then } j=k \}$ Tricky!

$$L_7 = \{ w \in \{a, b\}^* \mid \#_a(w) \neq \#_b(w) \}$$

Claim: L_7 is not regular.

Proof: BWOC. Suppose L_7 is regular.

Then so is $\overline{L_7} \cap L(a^*b^*)$

Observe that $\overline{L_7} \cap L(a^*b^*) = A^n B^n$

But $A^n B^n$ is not regular!

$\Rightarrow \Leftarrow$

$\therefore L_7$ is not regular. \square

$$L_5 = \{ w \in \{a, b\}^* \mid w = w_1 w_2, |w_1| = |w_2|, \text{ and } \#_a(w_1) = \#_a(w_2) \}$$

Claim: L_5 is not regular.

Proof:

Consider the string $b^p a a b^p$

That string is $\in L_5$ and has length $\geq p$, so

by P.L., $b^p a a b^p = xyz$ where $|y| > 0$, $|xy| \leq p$
 and $xy^i z \in L_5 \forall i = 0, 1, 2, \dots$

Note that the halfway mark is between the a's:

$\overbrace{bb \dots b}^{w_1} \overbrace{aa bb \dots b}^{w_2}$

and that $y = b^t$ for some $t > 0$.

Hence pumping up once will add t b's
 into first block of b's:

- if t is odd, resulting string is $\notin L_5$ because
 it is of odd length.

- if t is even, result is

$\overbrace{bbb \dots b}^{w_1} \overbrace{b aa bbbb \dots b}^{w_2}$

and this string's first half has 0 a's,

while the second half has 2 a's.

so resulting string is $\notin L_5$

$\Rightarrow \Leftarrow$

$\therefore L_5$ is not regular. \square

Practice using closure theorems

1. $L = \{ w \in \{a, b\}^* \mid \#_a(w) \neq \#_b(w) \}$

Claim: L is not regular.

Proof: BWOC. \S L is regular.

Then so is $\bar{L} \cap L(a^*b^*)$, by closure Thms.

Note that $\bar{L} \cap L(a^*b^*) = A^n B^n$,

which we have shown is not regular.

$\Rightarrow \Leftarrow$

\circ L is not regular. \square

2. $L = \{ w \in \{a, b\}^* \mid w \text{ has } \geq 3 \text{ b's, and} \\ \text{the number of a's between first 2 b's} \\ \text{is } \leq \text{number of a's between 2nd 2 b's} \}$

Claim: L is not regular.

Proof: BWOC. \S L is regular.

Then so is $L \cap L(ba^*ba^*b)$,
by the Closure Theorems for RLs.

Note that $L \cap L(ba^*ba^*b) = \{ ba^n b a^m b \mid n \geq 0 \}$;
call that language L' .

Claim2: L' is not regular.

Proof: BWOC. \S L' is regular.

Let p be its pumping constant.

Consider the string $w = ba^pba^pb$.

Then by P.L., since $w \in L'$ and $|w| \geq p$,

$w = xyz$ where $|xy| \leq p$, $|y| > 0$,
and $xy^iz \in L' \forall i \geq 0$.

By ① + ②, we have 2 cases for y :

case 1: $y = ba^t$ for some $t \geq 0$.

Pumping up once yields a string
with too many b 's to be in L' .

$\Rightarrow \Leftarrow$

case 2: $y = a^t$ for some $t \geq 1$

Pumping up once yields
 $ba^{p+t}ba^pb$, $t \geq 1$, which is
not a string in L' .

$\Rightarrow \Leftarrow$

◦◦ L' is not regular. \square (claim 2)

Since L' is not regular, neither is L . \square