

Parsing lines in java: line.split(delimiter)

```
import java.io.*;

public static void main(String [] args) throws Exception
{
    //loop through the file and parse tokens
    BufferedReader bufRead = new BufferedReader
        (new FileReader(args[0]));
    String line; // String that holds current file line

    while ((line=bufRead.readLine()) != null)
    {
        String [] parsed=line.split(",");
        double [] dataRecord=new double[parsed.length];
        for(int i=0;i<parsed.length;i++)
            dataRecord[i]=Double.parseDouble(parsed[i]);

    }
    bufReader.close();
}
```

Parsing lines in java: StringTokenizer (line, delimiter)

```
import java.io.*;
import java.util.*;

public static void main(String [] args) throws Exception
{
    //loop through the file and parse tokens
    BufferedReader bufRead = new BufferedReader(new
    FileReader(args[0]));
    String line; // String that holds current file line

    while ((line=bufRead.readLine()) != null)
    {
        StringTokenizer st=new StringTokenizer(line,",");
        while(st.hasMoreTokens())
            System.out.println(st.nextToken());
    }
    bufRead.close();
}
```

How to convert tokens into WEKA Instances: header

```
import weka.core.*;
```

```
Attribute num1 = new Attribute("age");  
Attribute num2 = new Attribute("income");
```

```
FastVector labels = new FastVector();  
labels.addElement("no"); //0  
labels.addElement("yes"); //1  
Attribute cls = new Attribute("class", labels);
```

```
FastVector attributes = new FastVector();  
attributes.addElement(num1);  
attributes.addElement(num2);  
attributes.addElement(cls);
```

```
Instances dataset = new Instances("Gold dataset", attributes, 0);
```

How to convert tokens into WEKA Instances: single data record

```
while ((line=bufRead.readLine()) != null)
{
    String [] parsed=line.split(",");
    double [] dataRecord=new double[parsed.length];
    int i=0;
    for(;i<parsed.length-1;i++)
        dataRecord[i]=Double.parseDouble(parsed[i]);

    //last value is a class
    if(parsed[i].trim().equalsIgnoreCase("no"))
        dataRecord[i]=0;
    else
        dataRecord[i]=1;
}
dataset.add(new Instance(1,dataRecord));
```

How to open native .arff input

```
import weka.core.Instances;  
import java.io.*;
```

```
public class LoadArff  
{
```

```
    public static void main(String [] args) throws Exception  
    {
```

```
        //1. ****
```

```
        //load arff training set
```

```
        BufferedReader reader = new BufferedReader(  
                                                    new FileReader(args[0]));
```

```
        Instances data = new Instances(reader);
```

```
        reader.close();
```

```
        // setting class attribute
```

```
        data.setClassIndex(data.numAttributes() - 1);
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```